AN ANALYSIS OF WORD FORMATION PROCESS IN EVERYDAY COMMUNICATION ON FACEBOOK

THESIS

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AN ANALYSIS OF WORD FORMATION PROCESS IN EVERYDAY COMMUNICATION ON FACEBOOK
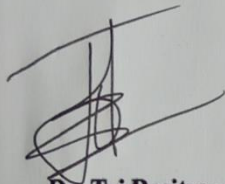
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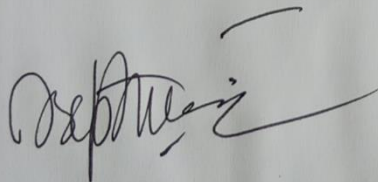**ENGLISH EDUCATION STUDY PROGRAM**
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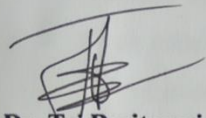
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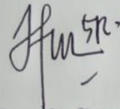Palembang, August 28th , 2020
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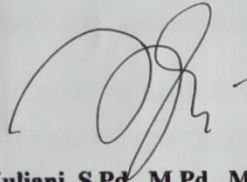
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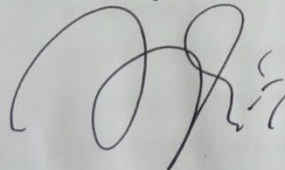Dr. Tri Rositasari, M.Pd., Chairperson

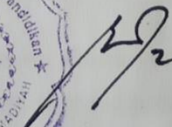Kurnia Saputri, S.Pd., M.Pd., Member

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The Head of English
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SURAT KETERANGAN PERTANGGUNGJAWABAN

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MOTTO AND DEDICATION

MOTTOS

> - **"So that they may eat of the fruit there of, and their hands made it not. Will they not, give thanks?" (Q.S Yaasiin, 36 : 35)**
> - **If you believe that the effort will produce that the best result, then you do not eveystop to try as much as possible.**
> - **No matter how small you do then as small as that alos the results that you will get also no matter how much you do theb so much the results you will get.**

DEDICATIONS

This thesis was dedicated to:

> - **Thanks to ALLAH SWT for the blessing and gifts so that I can be here and survive all this time.**
> - **My beloved parents (Ama Munizar and Karmiyeni Armiati), who always love, support, pray, care me to finish my study and this thesis. Thank you very much to my parents who always love, support, pray, care and help me whenever I need. I hope both of you always healthy and I can be a success person the future and make you proud of me. Aamiin. I love you so much.**
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ABSTRACT

Murniyati, 2020. *An analysis of word formation process in everyday communication on facebook*. Thesis. English Study Program, Sarjana Degree (S1), Faculty of Teacher Training and Education of *Universitas Muhammadiyah Palembang*. Advisor; (1) Dr. Tri Rositasari, M.Pd., (2) Dian Septarini, S.Pd., M.Pd.

Keywords: Word Formation Process, Facebook, acronym, borrowing, clipping, compounding, blending derivation and inflection

This thesis entitled An Analysis of Word Formation Process in Everyday communication on Facebook focused on the analysis of word formation used on Facebook. The purpose of this thesis was to classify and analyzed the types of word formation process, then find the most dominant word formation process used on Facebook. The researcher used a qualitative descriptive method andthis research was conducted at the fourth and sixth semester students facebook of English Education Study Program in Universitas Tridinanti Palembang. The researcher collected the data by capturing the photo and its captions which have been posted by them on facebook account.The researcheranalyzed a dominant finding using a formula. From this thesis analysis, the researcher found 8 processes of word formation used in facebook, namely acronym, borrowing, clipping, compounding, blending, derivation, inflection and back formation. The most dominant word formation process was inflection (27,59%) followed by acronym (20,69%),borrowing (10,34%),clipping (10,34%), compounding (24,14%) blending (3,45%), derivation (3,45%) and back formation (0%). The researcher found the most dominant use of inflection on Facebook.

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بِسْمِ اللّٰهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ

"In the Name of Allah the most Gracious and the Most Merciful"

My deepest gratitude is due to Allah, the almighty, who granted me knowledge and bestlowed His everlasting mercies and bounties upon me during this long journey. Without His support and guidance, this thesis would not have been possible. The thesis entitled " An Analysis of Word Formation Process in Everyday Communication on Facebook". Sholawat and salam are also delivered to prophet Muhammad SAW.

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The researcher realized that the thesis was really far being perfect, therefore any comments, suggestion, criticsm and contructive critics were very much welcome. The last, I hope the thesis will be usefull for the people who read it.

Palembang,   August 2020
The researcher

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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents : (1) bakground of the research; (2) problem of the research; (3) objective of the research; (4) significance of the research

1.1 Background of the Research

Language is nothing but human subjects in as much as they speak, say and know. According to Martinez & Castillo (2015) Language is something coming from the inside of the speaking subject manifest in the meaningful intentional purpose of the individual speaker. A language, on the contrary, is something coming from the outside, from the speech community, something offered to the speaking subject from the tradition in the technique of speaking. The speech act is the performance of an intuition by the subject, both individual and social. It is individual since it is creation. It is social since it is executed using the parameters and means offered to the speaker by the speech community. Human subjects speak because they have something to say. It is due to they define themselves before their circumstance are one. This is due to speakers are able to know. The speech act is nothing but the execution of an act of knowing. Language is born when it is performed in the speech act thus manifesting the execution of the act of knowing the speaker is creating.(p.31)

On the other hand Language is a perfect medium to facilitate communication among people. It is a system of communication either spoken or written used and understood by a particular community or country to express thoughts and feelings. Language has also interpersonal functions to establish social relations. Indeed, language is an essential supporting media of verbal communication. Sagimin

& Sari (2014) state that humans do not only use verbal communication to communicate with each other but also use nonverbal communication to express feelings and thoughts. It uses gestures, facial expressions and body movements instead of speaking. Sometimes we can also find it in social media such as facebook. (p.43)

Mustafa, Kandasamy, Yasin (2015) state that the existence of Internet has opened up a new platform of communication that fulfils the social life of the people nowadays. People communicate more through the social networking such as Facebook (FB), Twitter, Instagram, Instant Messaging (IM) Skype, E-mail and Chat-room. The communication chose via online as the process becomes faster, easier and more convenient. The mode of social networking communication provides 24 hour access for the people to interact with each other. Facebook has become the main attraction and medium of interaction among young generations of Indonesia. Due to the influenced of their native languages, Indonesia have their reasons and rationale in using those common features when it comes to put down their thought into words. (p.261).

Word formation is specifically formed words with the certain processes. According to Yule (2017) word formation processes as a way of forming and creating new words from the use of old words. It is stated that there many types of word formation processes. There are coinage, borrowing, compounding, blending, clipping, backformation, conversion, acronym, derivation, prefix and suffix, and multiple processes. In the process of word formation, there are explore some of the basic processes by which new words are created specifically for derivation.

According to Yule (2017) derivation is the process of word formation to be found in the production of new English word. The process of word formation through the addition affix (suffix), which can be either a prefix (prefix) or suffix (suffix). For example of the addition prefix as like asleep for a+ sleep, rewrite for re+write, incorrect for in+correct. And the addition of the suffix as like importance for import + ance as the suffix, enjoyment for enjoy+ment, happiness for happy+ness.(as cited Luthfiyati, Kholiq, Zahroh.p.32).

It was concluded that word formation is the creation of the new word. It studies under the research of morphology, the research of the smallest meaningful unit of language. Combining two or more meaningful language elements will form a new construction with the combined meaning of the two or more existing elements or new meaning apart from the meaning of the elements that make it up. This is the element of language which is called word. When the word is used in communication, it will be influenced by the context of the language use. In sociolinguistics, it is known as registers, the words used in a particular context of speakers and just show up and have meaning in that context.(as cited Zaim. p.249).

Nowadays social media is really close to people especially facebook. Now checking of all social media tools in their smartphone becomes daily activity that cannot be separated from their life. In social media tools, people can overse what their friends, family or srtanger statement. Most of them often state in informal writing style and use slang words. It will be a good thing if we do a field research which takes place around us that, the place that sometimes we do not aware.

One of the fastest growing modes of Computer Mediated Communication (CMC) on the Internet today is Social Network Sites (SNS). Of the growing number of social media that allow users to connect to a network of friends online. Cajigas (2011) says that Facebook is the largest and currently the fastest growing of its kind Facebook has given users unparalleled access to information about others along with an extremely user-friendly platform from which to broadcast details about their own lives.

Facebook users are able to access information from the profiles of those with whom they have articulated a social connection, or their "Facebook friends," and from some users with whom they have no articulated connection. These connections, both articulated and unarticulated, are governed by a complex set of privacy rules, which control a users access to the profiles of other users. Even with these privacy settings, Facebook has become an unprecedented repository where users can and are making intimate details about their lives available to everyone from spouses to complete strangers. (p.1)

Carter & Levy (2012) define Facebook was launched and, at first, was available only to Harvard University students, only one month after its initial launch, Zuckerberg expanded access to Stanford, Yale, and Columbia. Then Zuckerberg quickly expanded access to all Ivy League universities, then to Boston area universities and colleges, and then across the United States and Canada. Although nothing specifically points to the geographic location of Harvard University as one of the reasons for the early explosive growth, it could be argued that it had a big effect. In the greater Boston area, there are well over 100 colleges and universities. The

Northeast has the largest concentration of colleges and universities in the country. This helped Zuckerberg spread the social network quickly as it created demand for access as friends from different schools chatted with one another.(p.27)

According to Lenhart, Purcell, Smith & Zickuhr (2017) use of social media sites among U.S. teenagers is steadily rising with 73% of those aged 12-17 years reporting affiliation with at least one social network website in 2009 compared to 55% in 2006, the year Facebook first became available to younger teens. With the dramatic increase in young users, the need for understanding the potential psychological ramifications of this form of social media also grows. As professionals in psychology, the call to identify, research, and distribute information related to potential mental health harm or health is the catalyst to continue to perform ethical studies.(as cited Bennett.p.6).

Among of kinds of social media, the researcher choose Facebook. Facebook is choosen for this research because Facebook is simple than others because it have limited characters that makes users write in limitation writing and it is some of the social that have same terms such following and followers while others not. Following someone's in Facebook, automatically we can acces their status, while in this research is the place where the writer observes. So the purpose of this research is to understand word more better, so that when people used the word formation they will understand. Based on the explanation above the researcher interested in conducting a research entitle "An Analysis of Word Formation Process in Everyday Communication on Facebook".

1.2 Problem of the Research

Based on the background above, this research concerned with the following questions:

1. How are classification of word formation processes used in facebook?

2. What kind of word formation processes used in most dominant used in facebook?

1.2.1   Limitation of the Problem

The scope of the research was word formation, the researcher limited the research about word formation process communication used in facebook.

1.2.2   Formulation of the Research

The researcher formulated the problem as follows :

1. What kinds of word formation processes used in facebook?

2. What kinds of dominantly word formation processes used in facebook?

1.3 Objectives of the research

Based on the research questions stated above, the objectives of research are :

1. To classify and analyze the word formation processes used in facebook

2. To find out the kinds of word formation is most dominant used in facebook

1.4 Significance of the Research

From the result of the research, the researcher expects that it can be useful for: Theorytically, this research was expected to make a valuable contribution especially for those who are getting involved in learning wor formation processes. Practically, For the researcher, enriching the researcher's knowledge and experience in this specific research. For the readers, the result of the research would inform that this

research can enrich knowledge about word formation processes. For Program Study, opening opportunity to observe further research in the same analysis especially in word formation.

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